

#### MATH NSPIRED

#### **Activity Overview**

In this activity, you will prepare a document that will allow you to capture data to explore the relationship between the circumference and diameter of a circle.

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#### **Materials**

Technology needed (TI-Nspire™ handheld, computer software)

#### Part 1 Preparing the document

- 1. Open a new document by clicking on 🗗 > New Document > Add Notes.
- 2. Type Exploring Diameter and Circumference.

**Notes:** To obtain capital letters, press the fishift key, then the letter. To change the text format or color, first select the text by holding down the shift key and pressing the right or left arrow key on the Touchpad. Then, press **Menu > Format** and select Format Text or Text Color.

3. Press doc → > File > Save.

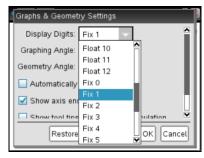
Type Exploring\_Diameter\_and\_Circumference.

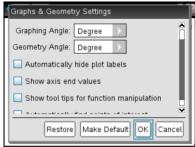
Tab to [save] and press enter].

4. To add a new page, press **Doc > Insert > Page > Add Geometry**.

Shortcut: Press ctrl docv > Add Geometry.

5. Select **Menu > Settings.** Select "Fix 1" for display digits. Tab to Graphing Angle. Select Degree. Tab to Geometry Angle. Select Degree. Then press tab to move from one field to the next and press to uncheck each of the boxes. Tab to **OK** and press or enter.







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#### Part 2 Making a segment

- 6. Select Menu > Points & Lines > Segment.
- 7. Move the cursor to the left edge of the window and press to create an endpoint of the segment.
- 8. Move to the right and press (a) to create the other endpoint of the segment.
- 9. Press esc to exit the **Segment** tool.

#### Part 3 Constructing a midpoint

- 10. Select Menu > Construction > Midpoint.
- 11. Move the cursor near the segment until you see a hand ⁴ and the word *segment*. Press <a>♠</a>.
- 12. Press [esc] to exit the **Midpoint** tool.

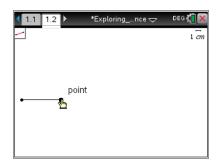
**Note**: A midpoint can also be constructed by pressing on each endpoint.

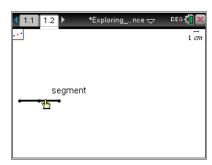
#### Part 4 Drawing a circle

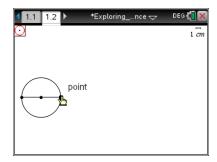
- 13. Press Menu > Shapes > Circle.
- 14. Move to the midpoint of the segment and press to select the point as the center of the circle.
- 15. Move to an endpoint of the line segment and press ( to indicate the radius point of the circle.
- 16. Press esc to exit the Circle tool.

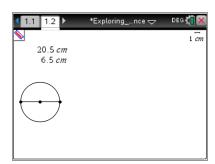
#### Part 5 Measuring a circle and its diameter

- 17. Press Menu > Measurement > Length.
- 18. Move the cursor over the circle until it is selected (it will be bold and the word *circle* appears). Press (1) to obtain the circumference.









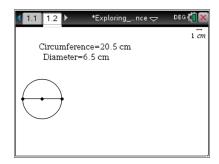


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- 19. Move the measurement to the top left of the screen and press 🚉 to place the measurement.
- 20. Move the cursor over the segment until the segment is selected (it will be bold and the word segment appears). Press ( to obtain the length of the diameter.
- 21. Move the diameter value below the circumference measurement and press [3].
- 22. Press esc to exit the Measurement tool.

#### Part 6 Storing values into variables

- 23. Select the measurement for the circumference by clicking on it. A blue box will appear. Then press var and select Store Var.
- 24. Type Circumference in place of the word var. Press enter.



25. Repeat this process to store the diameter value as **Diameter**.

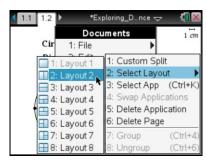
**Note:** You may need to grab and move these values to the left part of the screen so that they can be read more easily.

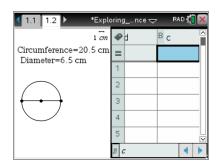
#### Part 7 Using Lists & Spreadsheet

- 26. Press docv > Page Layout > Select Layout > Layout 2 to split the screen vertically.
- 27. Select the application on the right hand side of the screen and press **Add Lists & Spreadsheet.**

**Note**: On the handheld, press ctrl tab, to switch applications, then press **Menu > Add Lists & Spreadsheet.** 

- 28. Move to the top row above the formula row in Column A. Type **d**, for diameter. Press [enter].
- 29. Move to the top row above the formula row in Column B. Type  ${\bf c}$ , for circumference. Press enter.







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#### Part 8 Capturing Data

- 30. Move to the formula row in Column A. Press **Menu > Data > Data Capture > Manual.**
- 31. Type the word *diameter* in place of *var* and press enter.

**Note**: On the handheld press var, choose the variable diameter and press enter.

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Diameter = 0.5 cm	1				
	2				1
<b> </b>	3				
	4				
	5				
	B1			4	•

#### Part 9 Saving the document

- 32. Move to the formula row in Column B. Press Menu > Data > Data Capture > Manual.
- 33. Type the word *circumference* and press [enter].

**Note**: On the handheld press var, choose the variable *circumference* and press enter.

34. Press ctrl S.

**Note:** To resize the data columns, place the cursor in the desired column, press ctrl **Menu > Resize > Resize Column Width.** Then use the arrow keys and press enter to save changes. In the accompanying activity, students will use Column C to explore relationships between diameter and circumference.